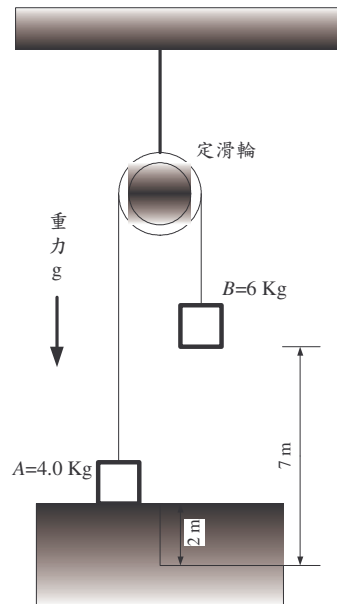


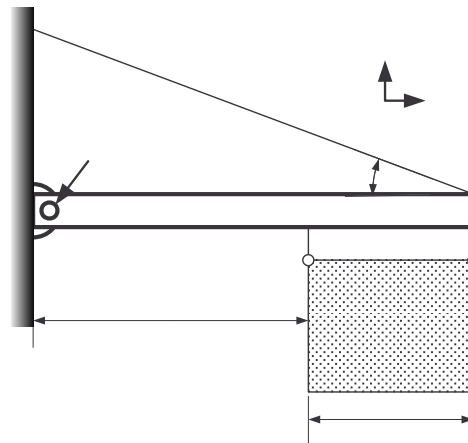
計算題

固力部份

1. (15%) 有一個無摩擦且質量可忽略的定滑輪掛了二個質量分別為 4 Kg 與 6 Kg 的方塊，如右下圖所示。若二個方塊原為靜止狀態，且重力加速度常數  $g=9.8 \text{ N/m}^2$ ，試計算：
- (1) 方塊 B 需要多少時間墜落至地面？ 5%
  - (2) 當方塊 B 墜落至地面瞬間，方塊 A 向上的速度為何？ 5%
  - (3) 方塊 A 最高可以向上移動多少公尺？ 5%

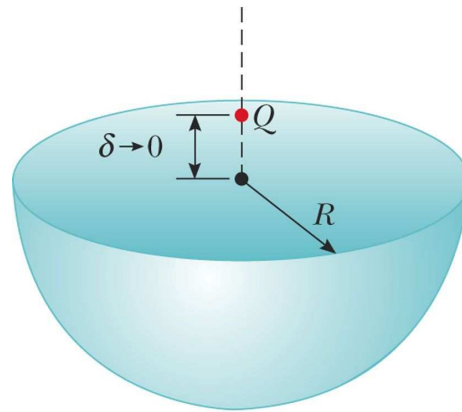


2. (20%) 有一重量均勻分佈的 10 Kg 招牌懸吊於一剛性桿之下，如右下圖所示。剛性桿與牆壁之間有插銷連接，且右端由一繩索支撐。若夾角  $\theta=30^\circ$ ，試計算繩索張力以及插銷處牆壁對剛性桿在 x 與 y 方向的反力各為多少 N。剛性桿與繩索的重量不計，重力加速度常數為  $9.8 \text{ N/m}^2$ 。



電學部份

3. (15%) A point charge  $Q$  is located just above the center of the flat face of a hemisphere of radius  $R$  as shown below. What is the electric flux (a) through the curved surface and (b) through the flat face.



4. (15%) A uniformly charged insulating rod of length  $l$  is bent into the shape of a semicircle. The rod has a total charge  $q$ . Find the magnitude and direction of the electric field at the center of the semicircle.

熱力部份

5. (20%) A person produces heat at a rate of 80 W. What is the temperature increase in one hour due to two people in an airtight room of volume  $100 \text{ m}^3$  initially at  $10^\circ\text{C}$  and  $10^5 \text{ Pa}$ ? Assume that all the heat is absorbed by the air. Take  $C_v = 0.72 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$  and  $M = 29 \text{ g/mol}$ .
6. (15%) A refrigerator with a coefficient of performance of 4.0 absorbs  $100 \text{ kJ}$  from the freezer compartment. (a) How much work does this require? (b) How much heat is expelled to the surroundings?